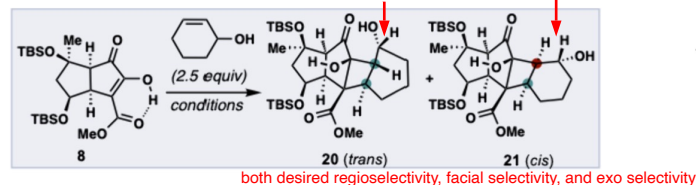
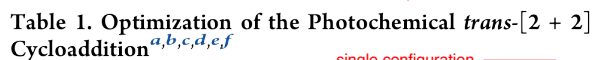


Kuan Yu*, Aikaterini Gorou, Danny Huang, and Thomas J. Maimone*
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CCCC[Sn](CCCC)(CCCC)C/C=C/C(=O)OC + Co2(CO)8 + OC1=CCCC=C1 + CC(=C)C[Mg]Br
 $\xrightarrow{\text{10-steps}}$
CC1=C(C)C2C(C1)C(=O)C3C(C2)O[C@H]4C(C3)O[C@H](C)[C@@H]5C(C4)O[C@H](C)[C@H]5C

 (+)-ineganolide

intramolecular Pauson–Khand (PK) reaction



A

Reaction scheme showing the conversion of compound 20 to 16 via intermediates 20A and 20B. Compound 20 is a bicyclic acetal with a TBSO group and a methyl group. Treatment with HCl (1M) leads to desilylation at C10, forming intermediate 20A. Intermediate 20A then undergoes C8 desilylation and lactonization to form 20B. Finally, 20B undergoes concerted asynchronous *trans*-aldol/ketalization to yield product 16.

B

Reaction scheme showing the conversion of compound 21 to C4-*epi*-16 via intermediates 21A and 21B. Compound 21 is a bicyclic acetal with a TBSO group and a methyl group. Treatment with HCl (1M) and other acids leads to desilylation at C10 & C8 and lactonization, forming intermediate 21A. Intermediate 21A then undergoes retro-aldol to form 21B. Finally, 21B undergoes ketalization to yield product C4-*epi*-16.

C

Reaction coordinate diagram showing the energy profile (ΔG at 298.15 K, 1 atm) for the conversion of 20 to 16 and 21 to C4-*epi*-16. The diagram illustrates the transition states (TS) and intermediates (INT) for both pathways.

Energy values (ΔG in kcal/mol):

- 20B-H⁺: 7.8
- 20-TS1: 22.9
- 21-TS1: 0.0
- 21A-H⁺: 0.0
- 21-INT1: 20.8
- 21-TS2: 31.6
- 20-INT1: 13.7
- 21-INT2: 11.3
- C4-*epi*-16: 3.7
- 16: 0.0